Classpad Help Series sponsored by Casio Education Australia		www.casioed.net.au	
345	Linear Programming	Author	Charlie Watson
		Date	31 January 2010
		CPM OS	**03.04.4000**

Start in Graph and Table.

We will find the maximum value of $5x+15y$ given the four constraints

$y \le 3-\dfrac{x}{4}$

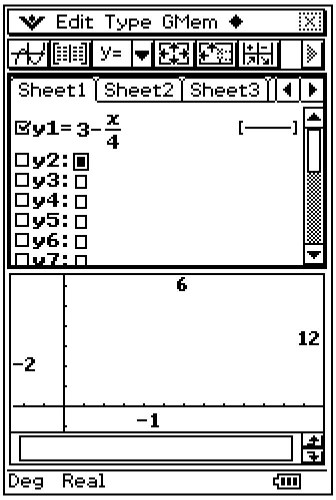
$y \le 6-x$

$y \ge 1$

$x \ge 2$

Tap **Edit, Clear All**.

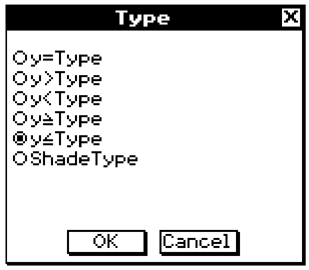
Enter $3-x/4$ for **y1** and tap **EXE**.



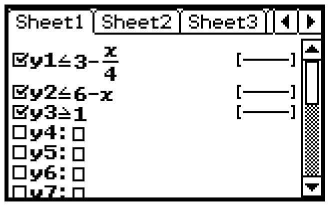
Tap onto the = sign in the **y1** line.

The Type box opens. Modify the type to suit the inequality as shown.

Tap **OK**.



Now enter both of **y2** and **y3** and modify the type for each.

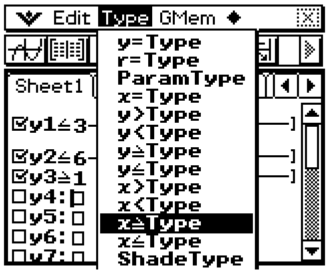


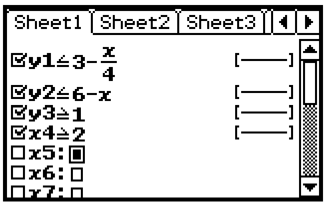
Tap into the box for **y4**.

Tap Type and tap $x \ge Type$.

(This sets all functions from now on to be this type. When finished, tap Edit, Clear All or Type, $y = Type$ to reset.)

Complete **x4** by entering a 2 and then tapping **EXE**.

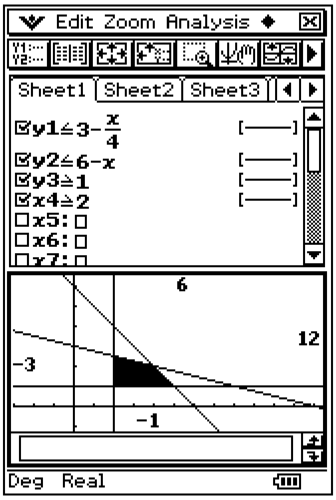




Tap the Draw Graph icon .

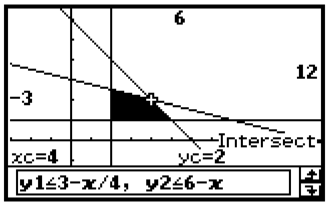
Tap **Zoom, Quick Initialise**.

Tap the Pan icon  and drag the graph to centre the feasible region.

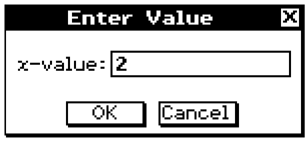


Find the corners of the feasible region using **Analysis, G-Solve, Intersection**.

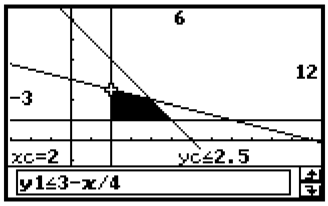
(Note that with multiple lines drawn, use the up/down cursor control to select the first line, tap EXE and repeat to select the second line.)



Classpad will only find intersection points of **y=** function types, not **x=**.

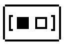
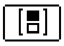


To find the corners on the **x=** line, tap **Analysis, Trace** and use the up/down cursor to select one of the sloping **y=** lines. Then press the **2** key to open the **Enter x-value** box and tap **OK**.

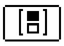


Record the coordinates of the 3 vertices likely to maximise the objective function and open the Main application.

Open the keyboard. Tap the **2D** tab and **CALC**.

Tap  once and  twice.

Enter the 3 sets of (x, y) coordinates for the vertices as shown.

Enter × and then tap  once and enter the objective function coefficients of $x = 5$ and $y = 15$.

Tap **EXE**.

Observe that the (4, 2) vertex maximises the objective function with a value of 50.